

Four Samaritan Lepers – 2 Kings 6:24-7:20

1. The Syrian king besieged Samaria during a severe _____ . (6:24-25)
2. The situation was so bad that a donkey's head sold for _____ shekels of silver and a pint of bird droppings for _____ shekels. (6:25)
 - a. In order to survive, one woman had eaten her _____. (6:28-29)
3. In his distress, the King of Israel blamed _____ for the disaster. (6:30-31)
4. When the king came to kill Elisha, he said, "Surely this calamity is from the _____." (6:33)
5. Discussion: How should Christians react to uncertain economic times? In ___ A ___ T ___
6. Elisha prophesied that conditions would improve by this ___ M ___ T ___ O ___ O ___. (7:1)
7. An officer of the king doubted, Elisha said that he would _____ it happen but would not _____ of it. (7:2)
8. Four leprous men with nothing to lose, decided to _____ to the Syrians. (7:3-4)
9. When they went into the camp they were ___ U ___ P ___ S ___ that no one was there. (7:5)
10. The Lord had made the Syrians hear sounds of _____ and _____ which made them flee the camp. (7:6)
11. At first, the men begin to enjoy the spoils of the abandoned camp. But then they said, "We are not doing _____. This day is a day of _____." (7:9)
12. Discussion: What "good news" do Christians seem to keep to themselves?
13. When hearing the news, the king was suspicious and thought it to be a trap. He took two chariots and horses and said, "_____ and _____." (7:14)
14. After the people had gone and plundered the tents of the Syrians, fine flour and barley sold for only a few shekels according to the _____ of the _____. (7:16)
15. What happened to the nay-saying officer who doubted Elisha's prophecy? (7:19:20) The people _____ him in the gate and he _____.
16. What will happen to those who do not believe the Good News of Christ? (2 Thessalonians 1:8; 1 Peter 4:17-19) _____