The Four Elements - Fire

I. The Paradox of Fire

Productive Fire

	1	In John 18:18 what was the purpose of the fire of coals?
		A furnace of fire is used to metal into useful objects. (Ezekiel 22:20)
		At the institution of the Passover, the Israelites were instructed to eat the meat of the sacrificial lamb
	٥.	which has been in (Exodus 12:8)
	Da	
	De	structive Fire
	4.	Jericho and all that was in it was with (Joshua 6:24)
	5.	Samson tied foxes tails together and placed a between the tails and burned the
		Philistines' crops. (Judges 15:4-5)
	6.	Fire can devour open and of the field. (Joel 1:19)
II.		The Destructive Nature of the Lord's Fire
	7	With what did God destroy the evil cites of Sodom and Gomorrah? (Genesis 19:24)
	/.	M N and R
	Q	The sons of Aaron offered fire before the Lord so fire went out from the Lord and
	ο.	them and they (Leviticus 10:1-2)
	۵	Fire consumed men who stood in rebellion to Moses and Aaron. (Numbers 16:35)
	٦.	The consumed men who stood in repellion to Moses and Adron. (Numbers 10.55)
III.		Fire as a Representation of God's Presence
	10.	The of the Lord appeared to Moses in the burning (Exodus 3:2)
	11.	In what form did the Lord go before Israel during the night? (Exodus 13:21) LL of I
	12.	The glory of the Lord appeared like a fire on the top of Mount Sinai. (Exodus 24:17)
	13.	How did God react to the unrepentant Israelites? (Ezekiel 22:31) He them with the
		fire of His
	14.	For the your is a consuming fire, a God.
		(Deuteronomy 4:24; Hebrews 12:29)
	15.	In God will take vengeance on those who do not obey the
		of our Lord (2 Thessalonians 1:8)
	16.	Figuratively speaking, it's better to go through life maimed than to go to (Mark 9:43–44
		a. Hell is described as a fire that can never be
	17.	The final destination of the wicked dead is a which burns with and
		This is the death. (Revelation 21:8)